Looking back and moving forward:
Overview of results, achievements and key learnings

Annual CocoaSoils Forum 2022

12 May 2022
IITA Ibadan, Nigeria

www.cocoasoils.org
Project Theory of Change/Results

Assumptions/risk
- Extension network will absorb extra information at minimal cost
- Availability of improved fertilizer formulation

Assumptions/risk
- Technical capacity of research institutions
- Data availability and sharing amongst competitive partners

Outcome 1: New cocoa ISFM related research products are used by private and public stakeholder partners (Extension networks)

Outcome 2: Recommendations generated through research products are used by target households

Outcome 3: Decision-makers (public and private), are using tools and knowledge to avoid increased deforestation and child labour while promoting cocoa intensification

Assumptions/risk
- Demand for cocoa and prices remain favourable
- Swollen shoot controlled
- Policy support for sustainable intensification

Assumptions/risk
- Sufficient technical skills and motivation of extension agents
- Interest of policymakers in sustainable intensification
- Policy support for sustainable intensification

Output 1.1: ISFM Options developed based on new and old knowledge
Output 1.2: Physiological Knowledge understood and documented
Output 1.3: Decision support tools developed
Output 1.6: Data portal developed for the storage, management and dissemination of cocoa intensification research data
Output 1.7: PhD/MSc students trained on new cocoa intensification options

Output 1.4: Recommendation domains and impact of sustainable intensification on forest pressure identified
Output 1.5: Sustainability assessment tools developed and validated

Output 2.1: Agreements with scaling partners/integration of research products into existing initiatives
Output 2.2: Extension tools for partner-led scaling developed and made available
Output 2.3: Training-of-trainer sessions organized
Output 2.4: Policymakers engaged in policy action in support of cocoa intensification initiatives
Key outputs generated

ISFM Options developed

Target:
To generate a first set of ISFM recommendations ready for integration into partner scaling.

Achieved:
- Engaged 12 private sector Cocoa companies in the implementation of Trials using agreed protocols
- Nine Core Trials established to determine nutrient requirements
- 38g Satellite Trial sites established across the 4 countries
- Database infrastructure developed to make data accessible
- First set of data analyzed, showing yield improvements

Locations of Satellite trial sites in Cameroon, Cote d’Ivoire, Ghana, and Nigeria
Cocoa Physiology understood and documented/Students engaged

Target:
At least 6 papers on cocoa ISFM/physiology accepted and at least 4 PhD theses approved. At least 6 MSc theses approved.

- Four PhD and 13 MSc students have been recruited and at various levels of theses chapters
- A manuscript entitled ‘Unravelling drivers of high variability of on-farm cocoa yields across environmental gradients’ in Ghana’ was submitted to the Agricultural Systems Journal and accepted in June 2022. Open Access: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.agsy.2021.103214
- Work on recycling of nutrients in cocoa pods in Nigeria has been published in the Plant and Soil Journal in March 2021 as ‘How nutrients rich are decaying cocoa pod husks? The kinetics of nutrient leaching’. Open Access: https://doi.org/10.1007/s11104-021-04885-1
- A paper on “Farmers’ perceptions as a driver of agricultural practices: Understanding soil fertility management practices in cocoa agroforestry systems in Cameroon” has been published in Human Ecology: https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10745-020-00190-0
Decision support tools developed

**Target:**
Adapt tools for farmer segmentation and stepwise intensification for cocoa producing areas, with a “draft 2” of segmentation and stepwise investment tools made available.

![CSC Dashboard](image)

A mobile application tool with:
- farmer segmentation (clustering) module to understand farm diversity, adapted to include:
- stepwise investment pathways in best management practices module
- activity calendar providing an optimum date range
- Awaiting testing and validation by the Research committee
Recommendation domains identified

Target:
Quantify the Impact of sustainable intensification deforestation and REDD+ schemes.

Achieved:
• Guiding principles developed, as decision-making steps for improved land-use planning - taking into account sustainable intensification of cocoa, forest protection, and climate change adaptation
• Developed approach to estimate cocoa yields to quantify adaptation potential of Climate-Smart Agriculture (CSA) packages
• Developed historical deforestation baseline using Terra-I for the four countries
Sustainability assessment tools developed and validated

Target:
Produce the second draft of sustainability assessment tools.

Achieved:

- Draft guidance tree developed to support spatially explicit and integrated decision-making to increase:
  - productivity
  - farmer resilience,
  - support biodiversity
  - protect forests
- The guidance framework will support national/supply chain stakeholders to understand the risks and plan with regards to increasing cocoa production:
  - climate change,
  - deforestation,
  - biodiversity,
  - and ecosystem services
Data portal developed

Target:
A final version of the data portal will be available and a minimum of 50 percent of all datasets submitted.

Achieved:
- ODK server developed with related database structure and being used as the sole data capture application.
- Cocoa-specific ontology developed.
- A PostgreSQL database has been set up where data is currently being processed to support publication of data in the ‘Public-Facing Knowledge Portal’.
- Partner specific data access credentials are being developed
- Over 70% of all datasets submitted.
Agreements with scaling partners

Target:

10 Agreements signed with scaling partners.

Achieved:

11 agreements signed with scaling partners in Côte d’Ivoire, Cameroon, Ghana, and Nigeria.
Extension tools for partner-led scaling developed

Target:
Version 2 of adapted tools/manuals with MEL feedback and new information.

- Version 1- training Manuals and farmer handbook developed and handed over to Ministries
- Manual and handbook being used by partner Extension networks
- Version 1 of adapted digital platforms available (VIAMO and ANADER)
- Feedback through various channels will be used for revision of version 1
Number of Extension Agents Trained

Target:
25 training-of-trainer sessions organized and 625 extension agents trained.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of Extension Agents</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cameroon</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Côte d'Ivoire</td>
<td>293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ghana</td>
<td>146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nigeria</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>625</strong></td>
</tr>
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</table>

Achieved:
92% of training sessions organized (23)
100% (625) of extension agents trained

Training of extension agents in Nigeria.
Farmers reached

65,066 cocoa farmers have received training on Integrated Soil Fertility Management (ISFM) and Good Agricultural Practices (GAPS).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of farmers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cameroon</td>
<td>4423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Côte d’Ivoire</td>
<td>9220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ghana</td>
<td>12,476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nigeria</td>
<td>4,663</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>30,782</td>
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<tr>
<td>Digital Training</td>
<td>1,943</td>
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<tr>
<td>EA Led trainings</td>
<td>3,163</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total farmers trained</td>
<td>6,366</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number of female farmers trained</td>
<td>8,81</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Content of farmer training:

- Pruning to enhance soil fertility
- Productivity and soil fertility
- Mulch and compost
- Productivity and deforestation
- Use of Pesticide
- Weeding
- Use of Inorganic Fertilizer
Policymakers engaged in policy action

Target:
At least 6 extra interactions with policy makers in all 4 target countries; at least 20 public and private sector partners trained to use the developed tools and knowledge.

Achieved:
- Completed the documentation and validation of cocoa-related policies with the support of government agencies and other relevant stakeholders (Partnership Committees).
- Handed over training manuals to relevant public authorities in Cameroon, Ghana, and Nigeria.
- 15 interactions with policymakers held through various meetings organized by the Partnership Committees

Outcome 1: ISFM related research products used by partners Extension networks.
Outcome 2: Recommendations generated through research products are used by target households.

- A baseline survey was conducted before the digital dissemination.
- A sample of 250 farmers was used for the baseline in each country.
- A follow-up farmer survey was conducted (termed as endline) after digital dissemination of content.
- 250 farmers were randomly sampled in each country for the survey (30% overlap with baseline). A survey was conducted through VIAMO platform.
Knowledge gained and applied by Extension Agents

*% of Extension agents applied content is based on those uploading farmer training data as evidence

Extension agents follow up survey and Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) planned for further feedback on:

- Awareness and knowledge gained.
- Integration and application of knowledge.
- Bottlenecks for integration.
Knowledge applied-target household

Number of times farmers had already pruned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Ghana: 30% more farmers pruned per the recommendation</th>
<th>Nigeria: 33% more farmers pruned per the recommendation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of farmers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Once a year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline-Ghana</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endline-Ghana</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline-Nigeria</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endline-Nigeria</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every 2 -5 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Occasionally</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline-Ghana</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endline-Ghana</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseline-Nigeria</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endline-Nigeria</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Response</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
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(Recommendation: Structural pruning is done ideally once a year before the start of the rainy season and Sanitary pruning can be carried out throughout the year in both Ghana and Nigeria).
Knowledge applied-target household

What farmers did to improve soil fertility.

Outcome:
Decision-makers (public and private) are using tools and knowledge to avoid increased deforestation and child labour while promoting cocoa intensification.

- Acceptance of Training Manuals and Farmer Handbooks at national level by the responsible organizations
  - Cameroon Ministry of Agriculture.
  - Ghana COCOBOD.
  - Nigeria Ministry of Agriculture.
  - Yet to handover in Cote d'Ivoire.

- Validation and acceptance of Manual by private sector and the integration of content by 40% of extension agents.
Key learnings

Platforms established
1. The multi-stakeholder and multiple-country approaches provide a convening platform to address the challenges faced by the cocoa industry.

2. A deliberate link between Research for Development and Partnership for Delivery provides a useful platform for country-level alignment, development, validation, and integration of research recommendations.

Partnerships
1. The partnerships with the private sector serve as an excellent avenue for data sharing and sustain the dissemination of both existing and new research recommendations.

2. Private sector engagement and commitment (personnel and funds) to research process, help to obtain direct feedback on research outputs and processes to ensure acceptance and augment various governments efforts.

3. Use of partner existing scaling platforms/networks for integration of research outputs promotes uptake.

Farmer poses with CocoaSoils Handbook for Farmers.
CocoaSoils

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